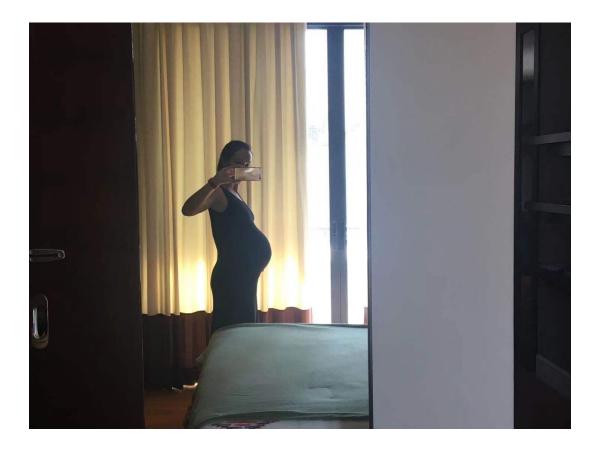


INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION CONFERENCE 3-4 December 2019

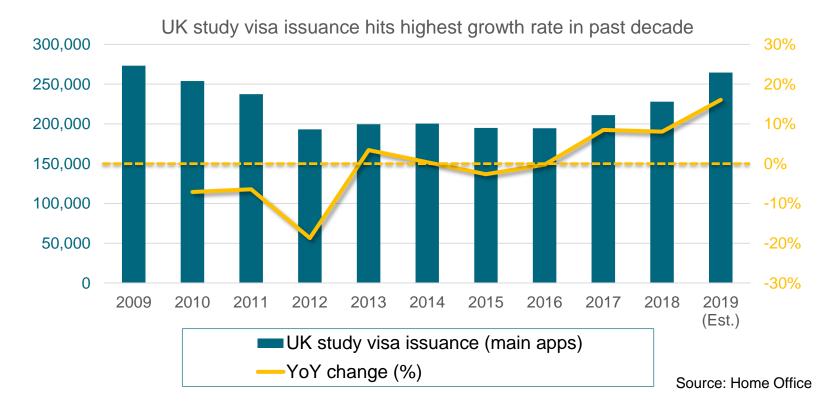
Around the world in 60 minutes Matt Durnin, Global Head of Insights and Consultancy

#IES2019 www.britishcouncil.org/education-services Sponsored by





UK overall performance



The competition

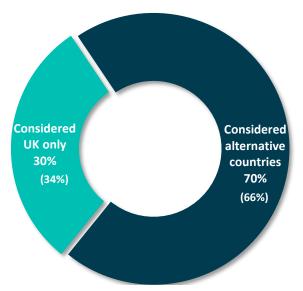




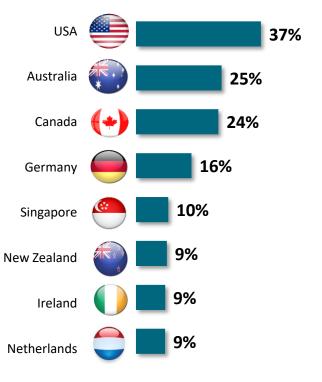


More than two thirds of new international students in the UK considered alternative countries

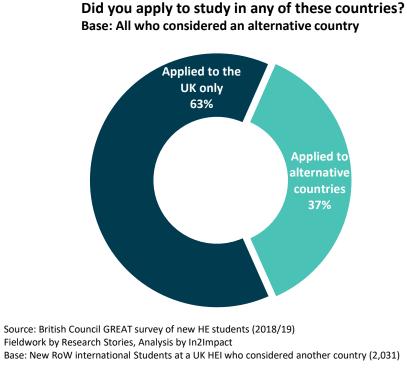
Did you consider studying in any of the following countries? (2016/17 IHE data in brackets)

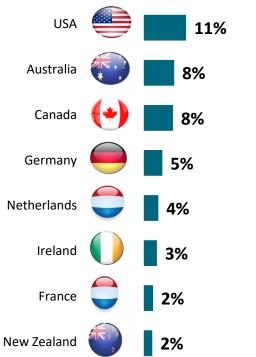


Source: British Council GREAT survey of new HE students (2016/17, 2018/19): Fieldwork by Research Stories, Analysis by In2Impact Base: New RoW international Students at a UK HEI 206/17 (2,151), 2017/18 (2,891) Competitor countries considered in 2018/19



Of those who considered another country, almost two thirds applied only to the UK

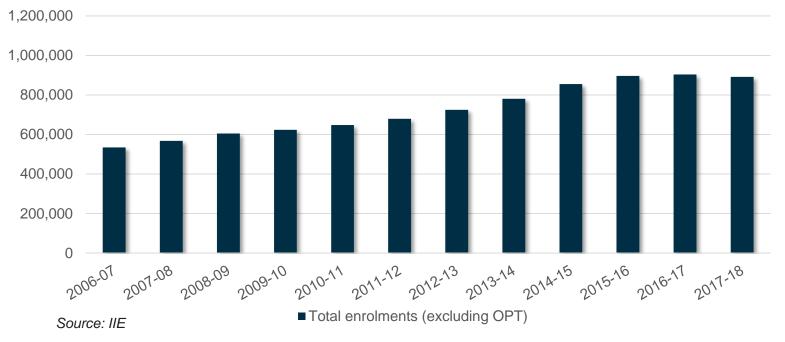




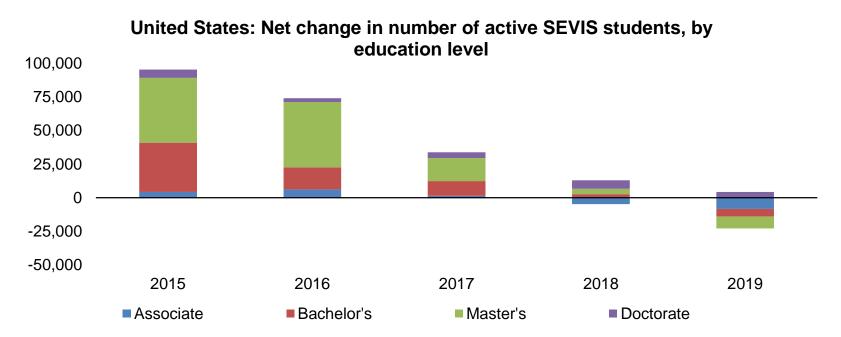
Competitor countries applied to in 2018/19

US: Changing fortunes?

US international enrolments



US: Changing fortunes?



Source: Student and Exchange Visitor Program;

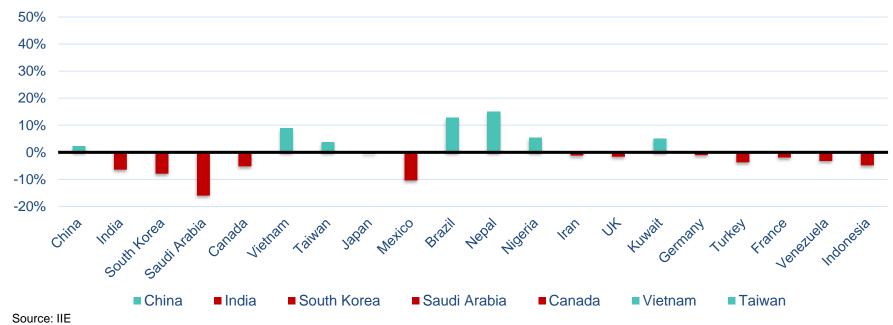
Note: Enrolment data is taken from the spring of each calendar year (April 2014, February 2015, and March 2016 – 2019).

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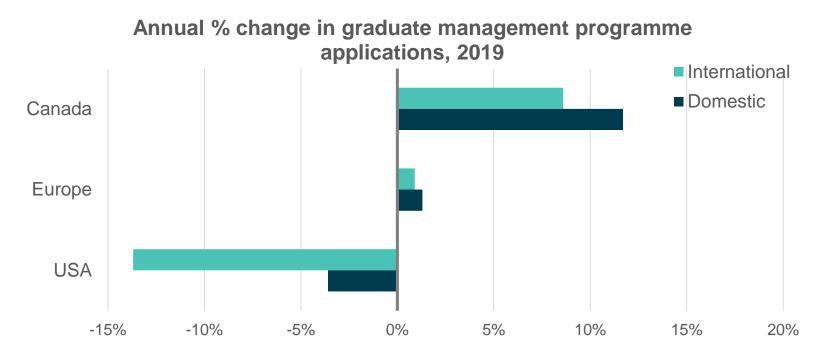
US: Changing fortunes?

American universities' international enrolments from 13 of the top 20 recruitment markets fell in 2017/18.



Change in US enrolments from top 20 markets in 2017/18

United States: Changing fortunes?

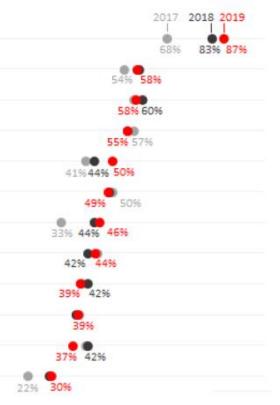


Source: Graduate Management Admission Council

United States: Changing fortunes?

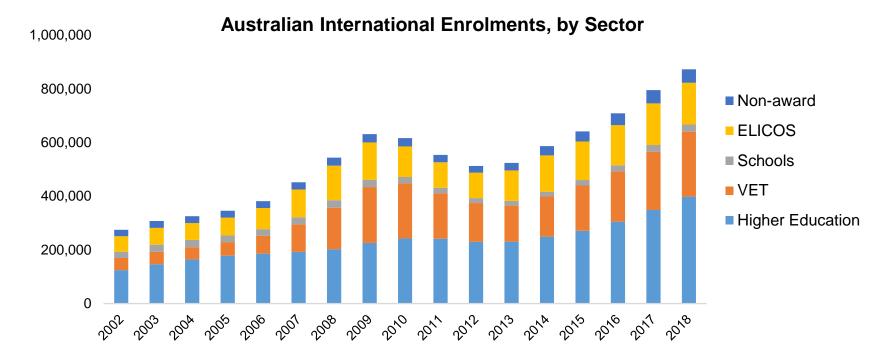
Top 12 reasons for declining international enrolments at US institutions, fall 2017 to 2019

Visa application process or visa delays/denials



Enroll in another country's institutions (other than the U.S.) Social and political environment in the United States Cost of tuition/fees at U.S. host institution (including financial assistance issues) Securing a job in the United States after their studies Feeling unwelcome in the United States Physical safety in the United States (e.g. gun violence, civil unrest) Enroll in other U.S. institutions Home country political and/or economic problems Stay home and enroll in their own country's higher education institutions Changes in foreign government sponsored scholarship programs Lack of sufficient institutional funding for recruitment and admission of int'l students

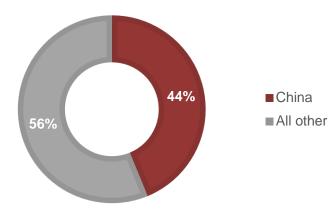
Australia



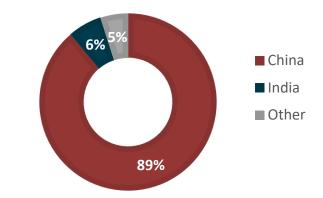
Source: AusTrade

Australia's skeleton in the closet

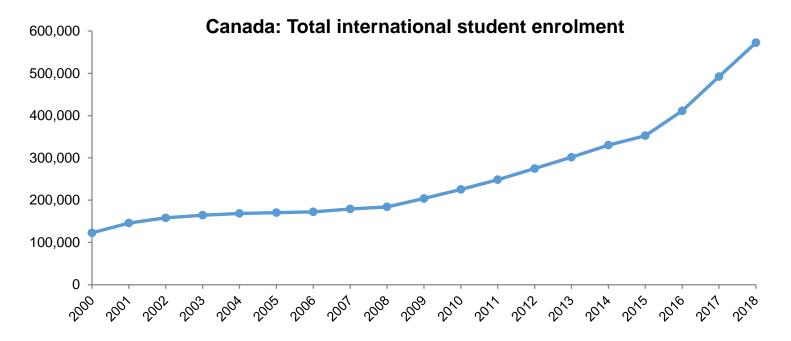
Russell Group, sources of growth in new enrolments, 2012 to 2016



Group of 8, sources of growth in int'l commencements, 2012 to 2016

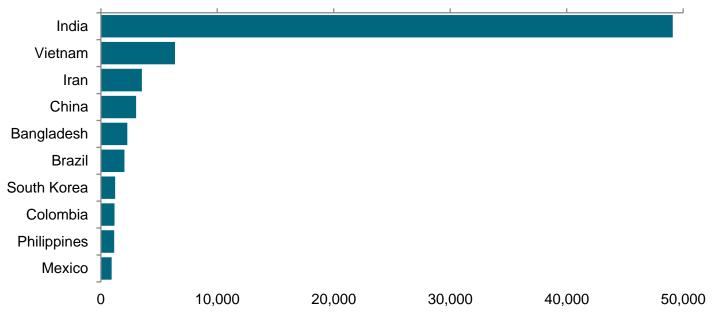


Canada, the new kid on the block



Source: Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada

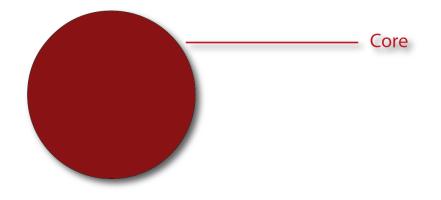
Canada, the new kid on the block

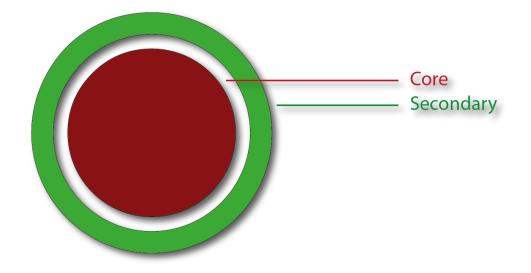


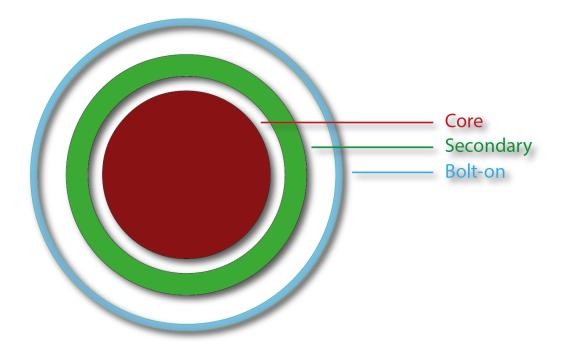
Largest net gain in inbound mobility to Canada, 2017 v 2018

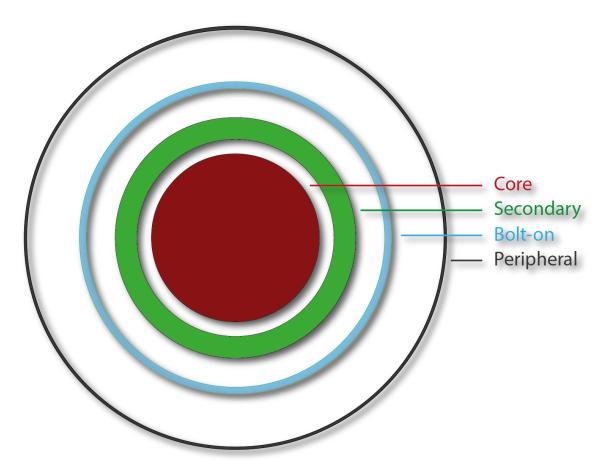
Source: Immigration Refugees and Citizenship Canada

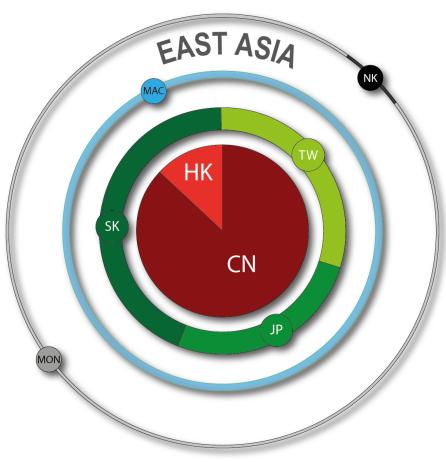


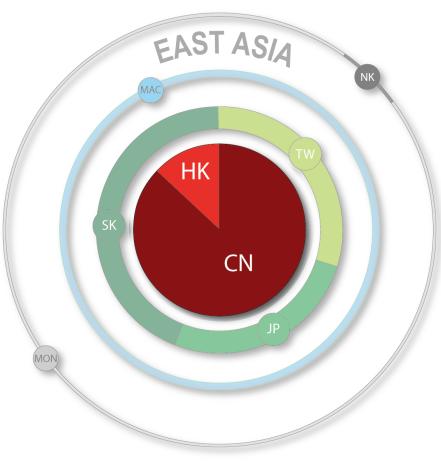


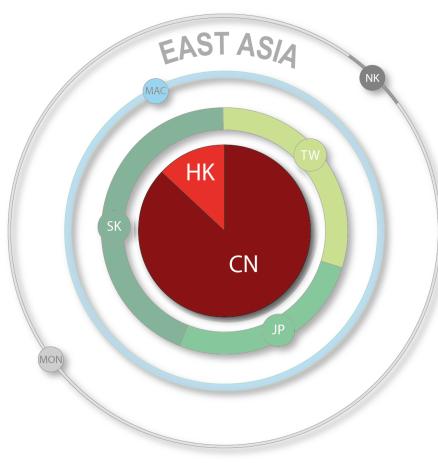












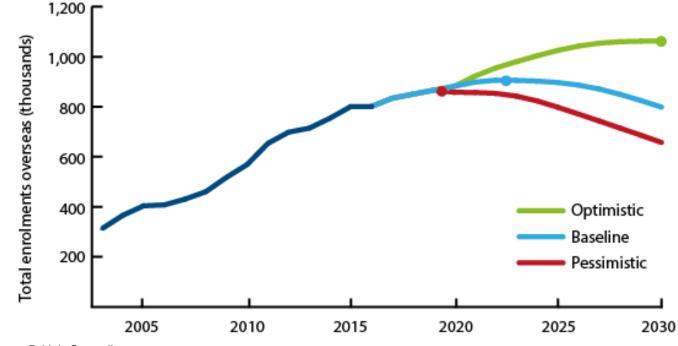
UK study visa issuance, China (main applicants)



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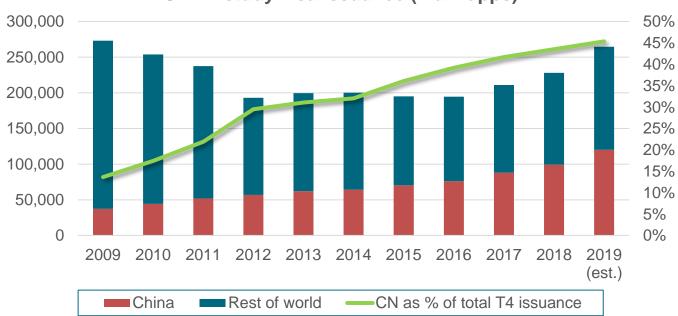
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China: overseas enrolment forecast



Source: British Council

China reliance

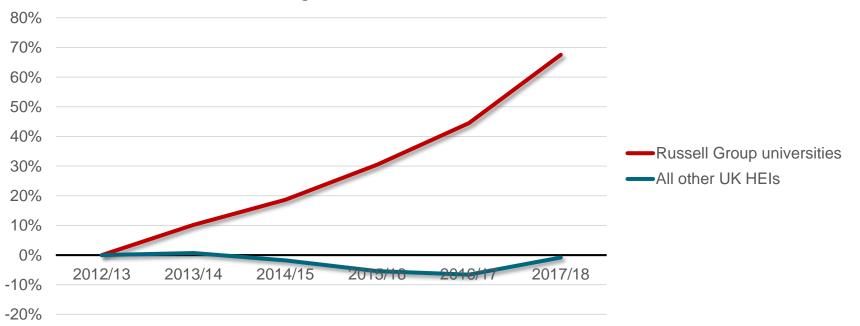


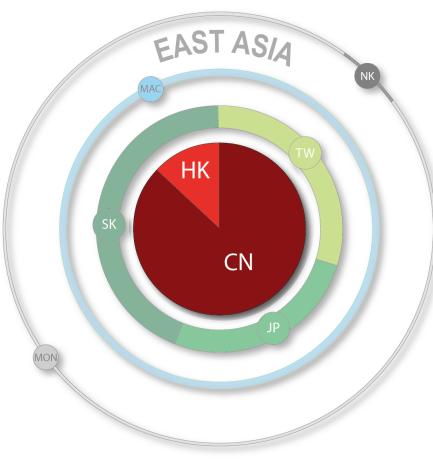
UK T4 study visa issuance (main apps)

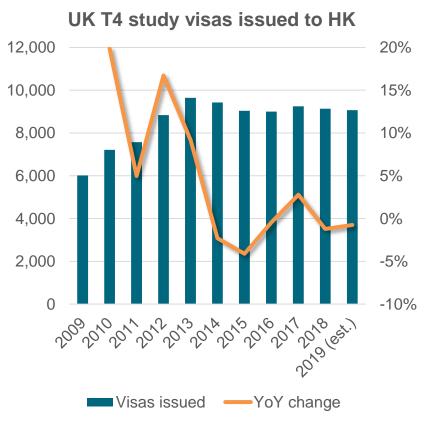
Source: British Council

Russell Group vs the rest

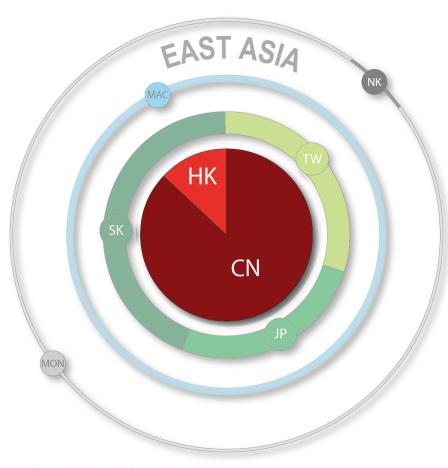
Cumultative change in the UK's China enrolments since 2012/13

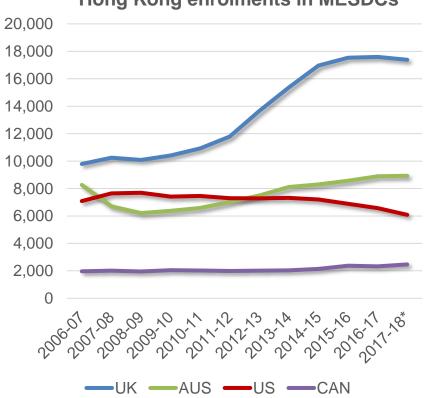






Source: Home Office





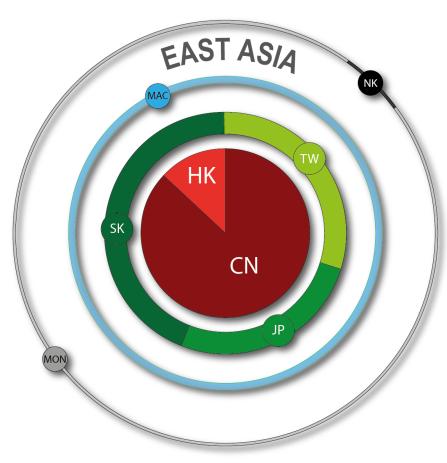
Hong Kong enrolments in MESDCs

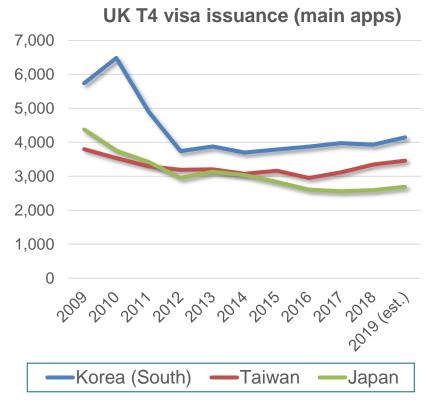
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East Asia: Hong Kong demographics

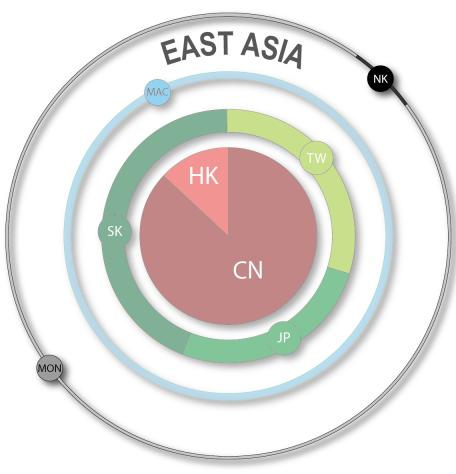
-25-29 **—**15-19 -20-24

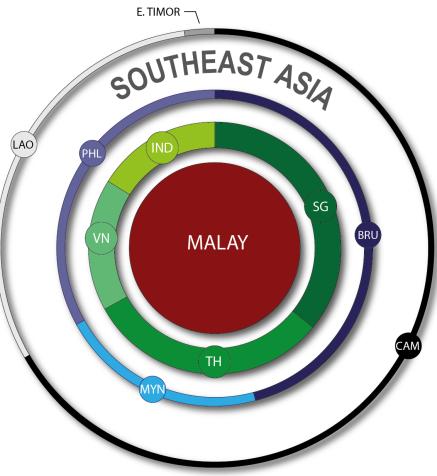
Hong Kong's student-age population (thousands)

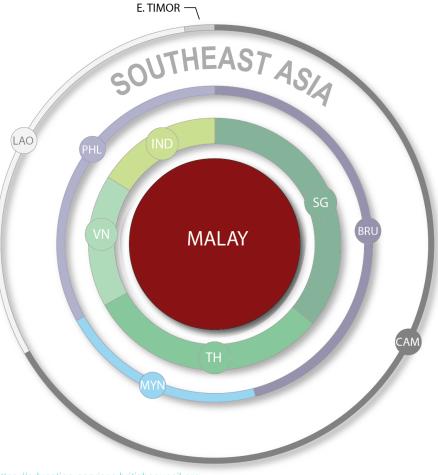




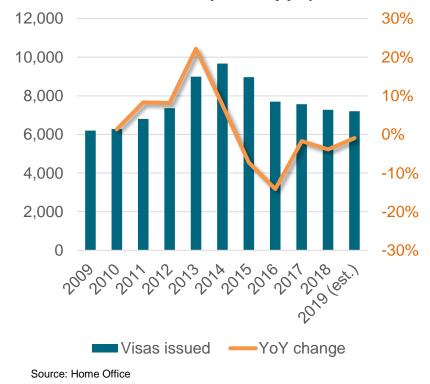
Source: Home Office







UK T4 visas issued to Malaysian nationals (main apps)



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Southeast Asia: Malaysia articulation

Articulations/TNE pathway from Malaysia



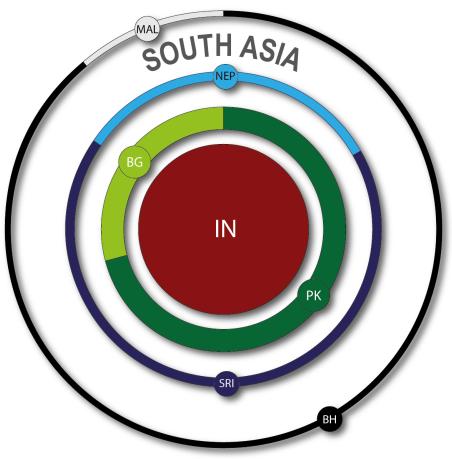
Source: HESA, British Council analysis

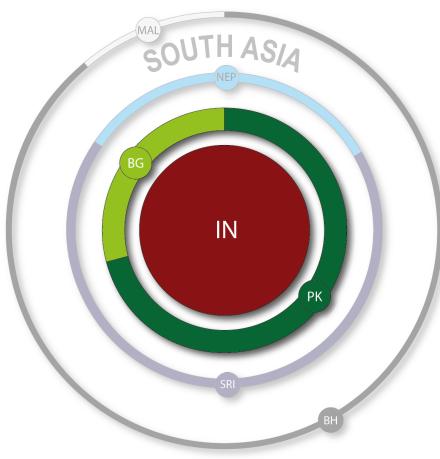
Southeast Asia: Secondary markets

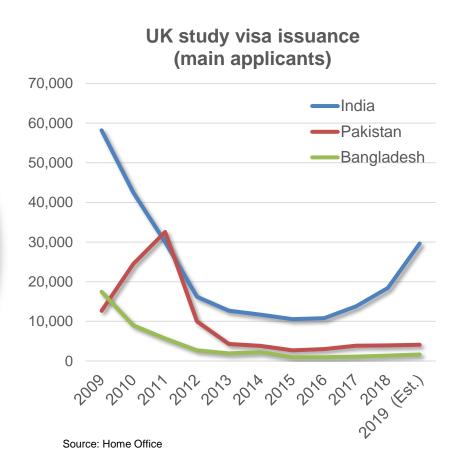
6,000 5,000 4,000 Thailand 3,000 -Singapore -Indonesia 2,000 1,000 0 2010 2013 2009 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 (est.)

UK study visa issuance (main apps)

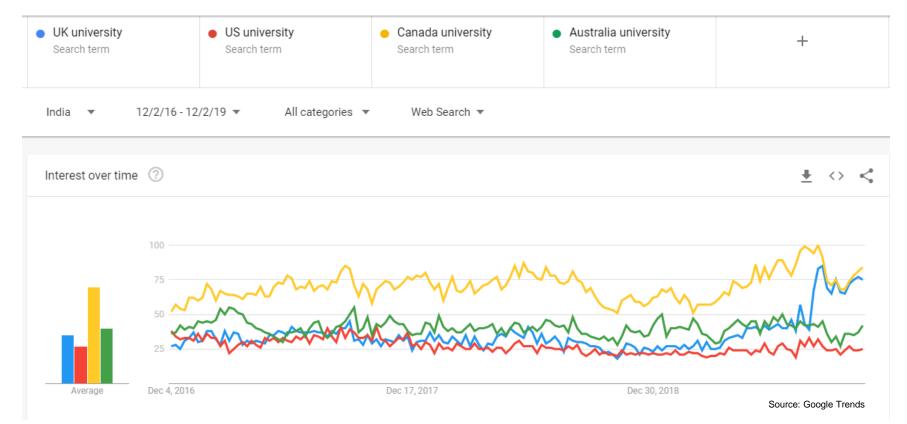
Source: Home Office





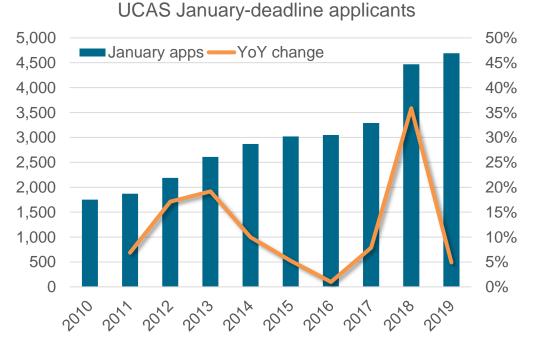


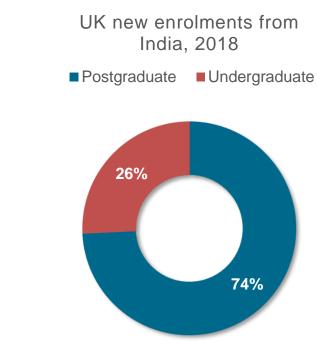
South Asia: India web search trends



https://education-services.britishcouncil.org

Country highlights: India



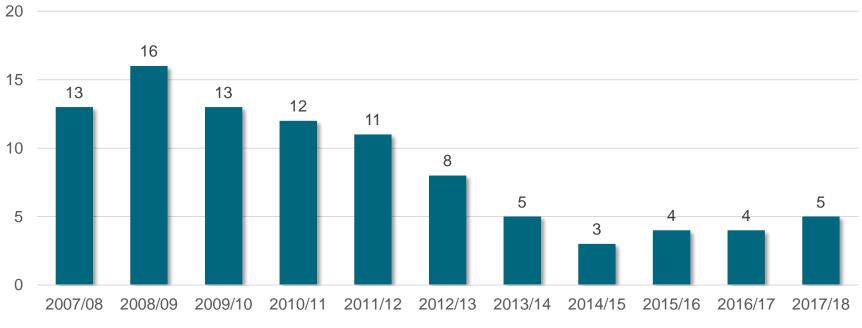


Source: HESA

Source: UCAS

South Asia: Pakistan recruitment

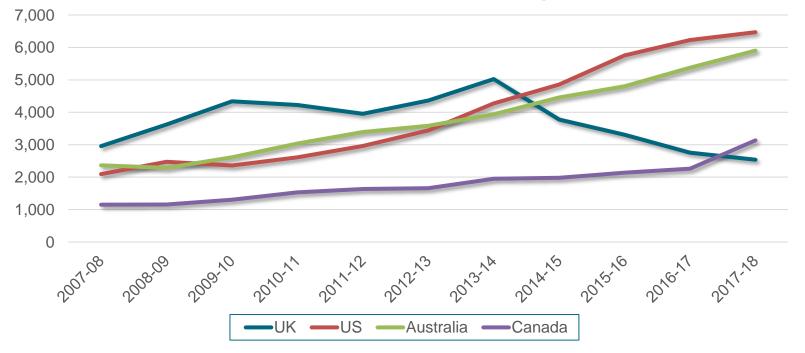
Number of UK universities enrolling 100 or more new Pakistan-domiciled students per year

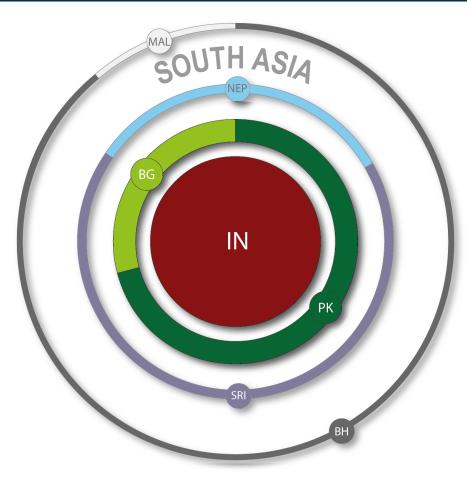


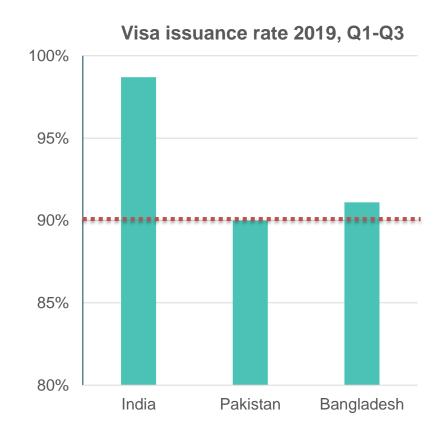
Source: HESA, British Council analysis

South Asia: Bangladesh

Enrolments of students from Bangladesh

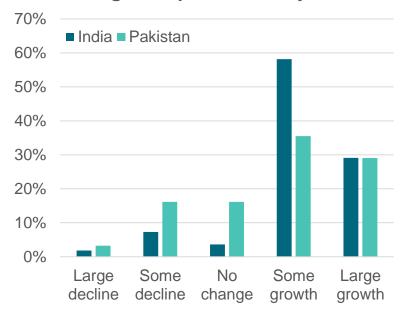






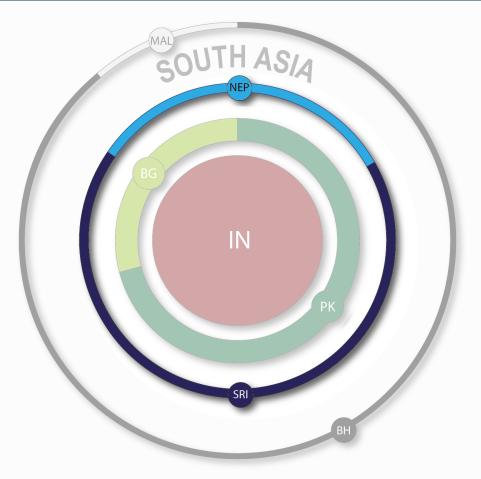


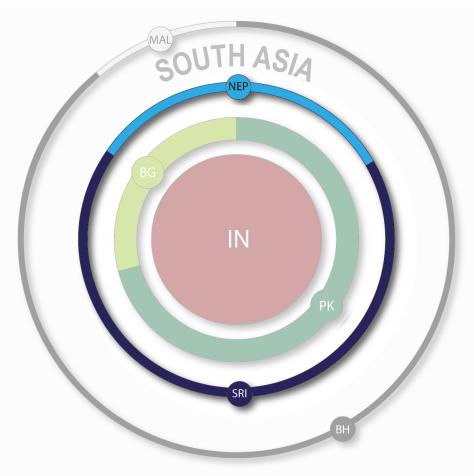
How do you expect the number of your clients applying to the UK for the 2020/21 academic year to change compared to last year?



India N = 55; Pakistan N = 31

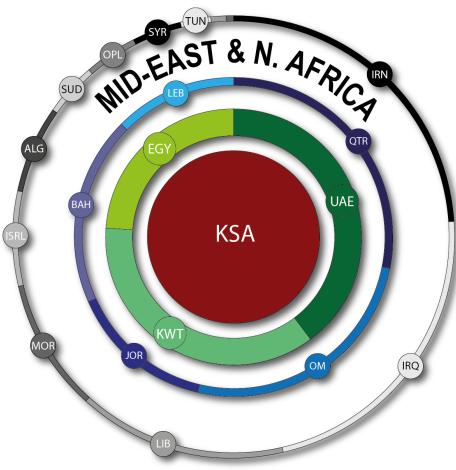
https://education-services.britishcouncil.org

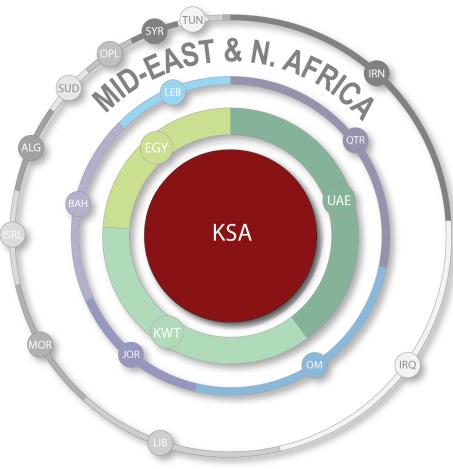




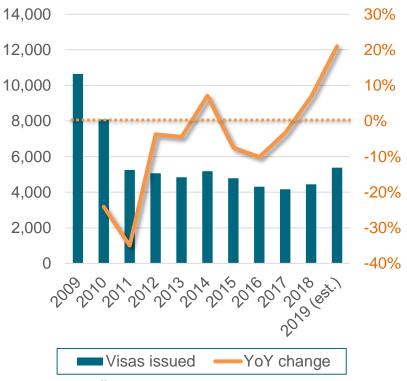
Nepal enrolments in MESDCs 25,000 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 0

https://education-services.britishcouncil.org



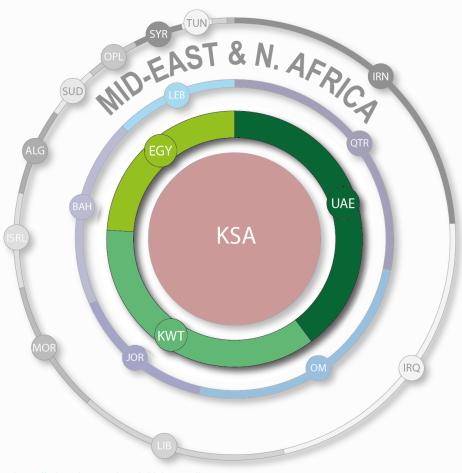


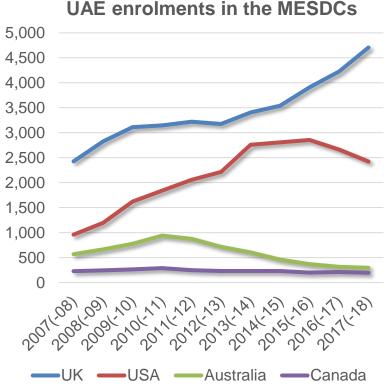
UK T4 visas issued to Saudi nationals



Source: Home Office

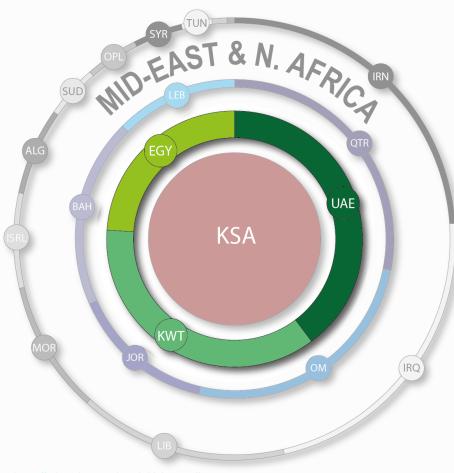
https://education-services.britishcouncil.org



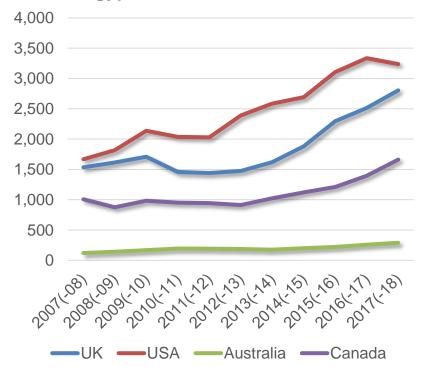


UAE enrolments in the MESDCs

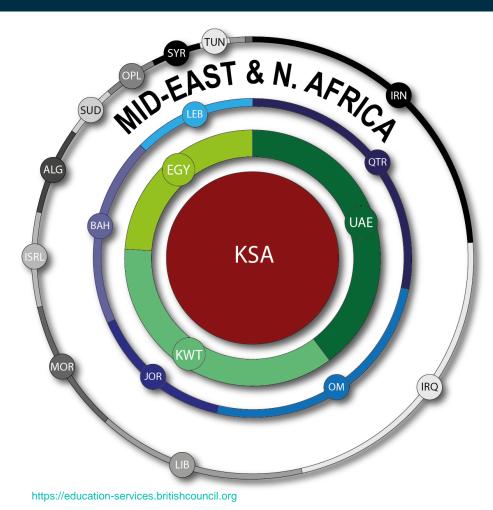
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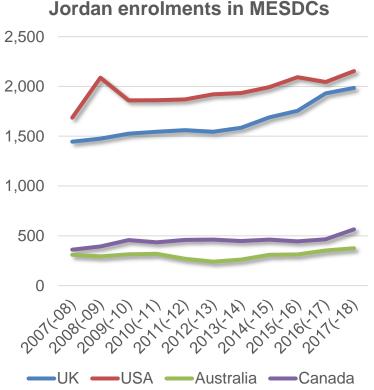


Egypt enrolments in MESDCs

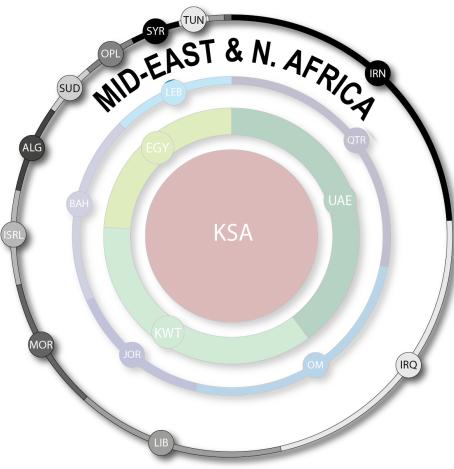


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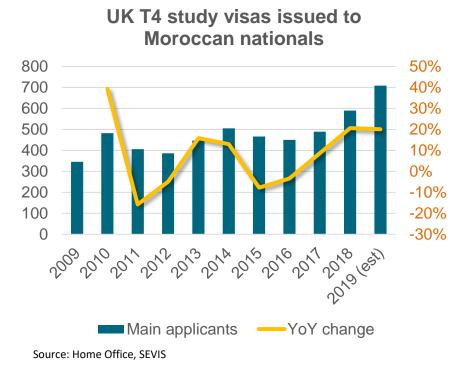




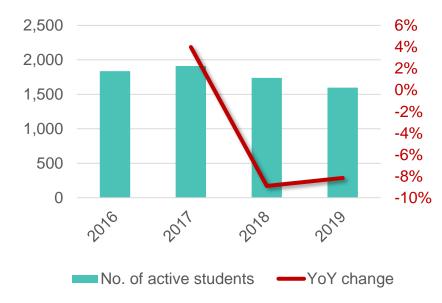
Jordan enrolments in MESDCs

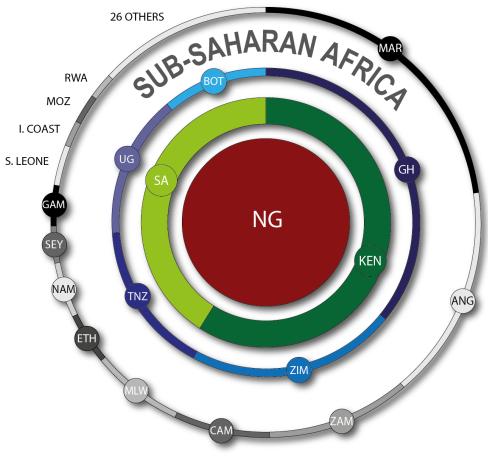


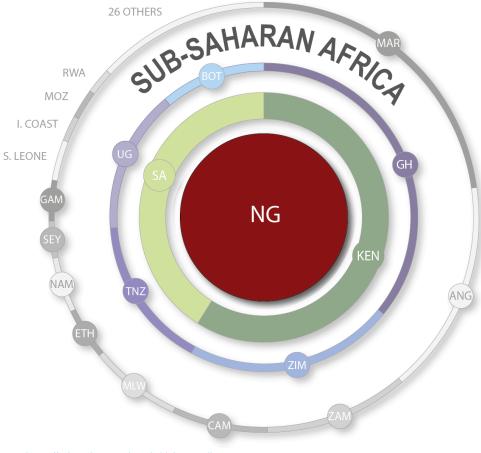
MENA: Morocco



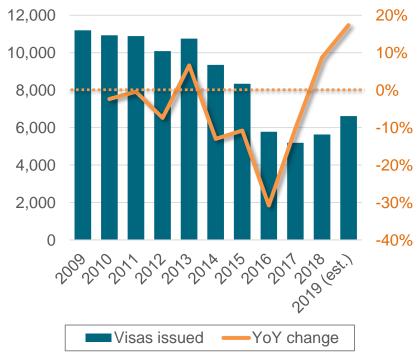
US: No. of active Moroccan students





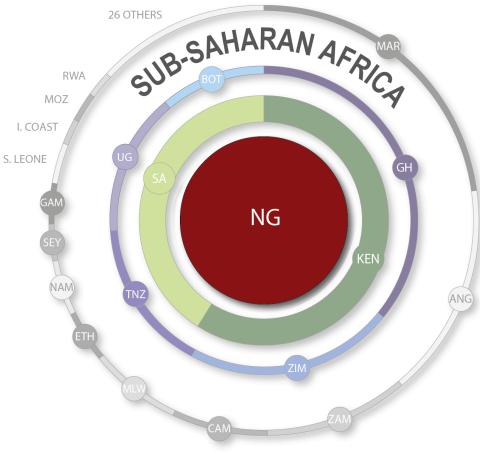


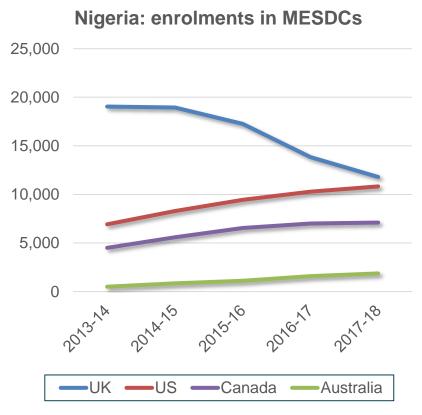
T4 study visa issuance to Nigerian nationals (main applicants)



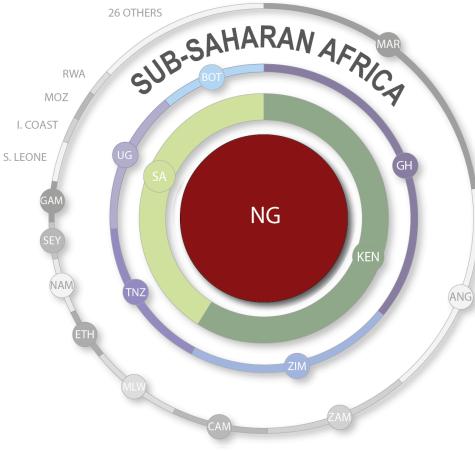
Source: Home Office

https://education-services.britishcouncil.org



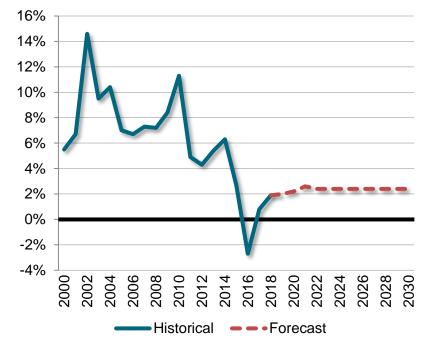


Source: HESA, IIE, Austrade, StatCan



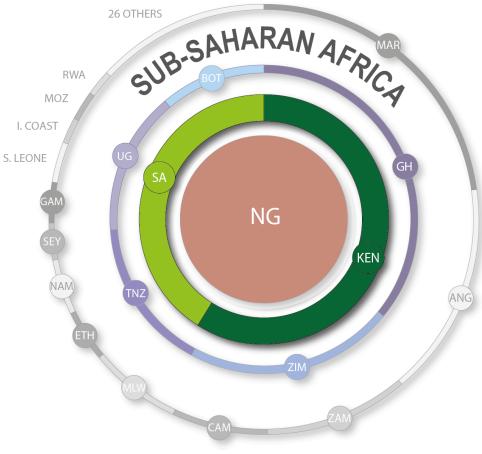
The boom days are unlikely to return

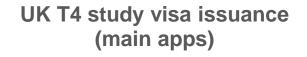
Nigeria: Annual GDP growth

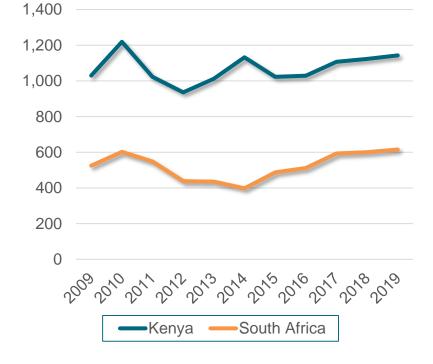


Source: Euromonitor

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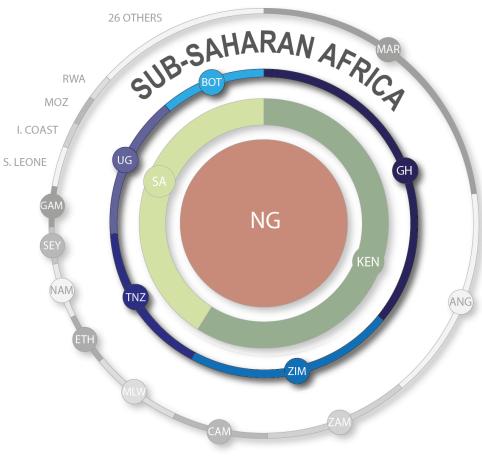




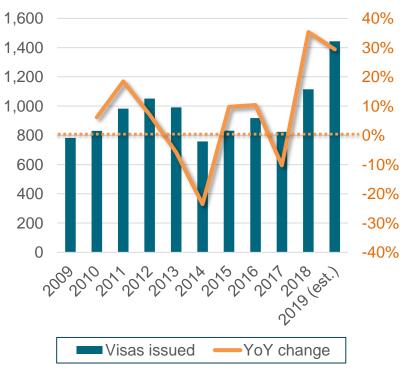


Source: Home Office

https://education-services.britishcouncil.org



UK T4 visas issued to Ghana nationals

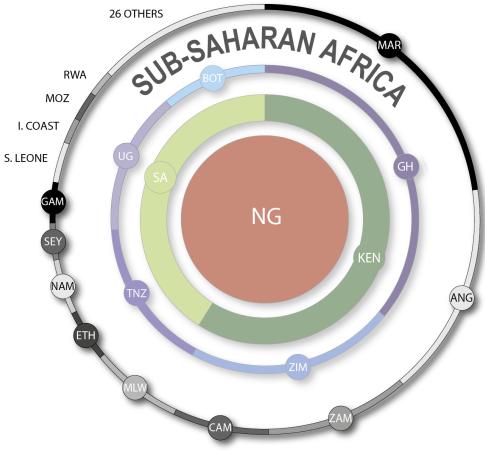


Ghana visa risk

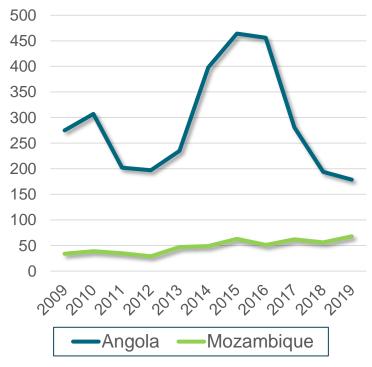
100% 95% 90% 85% 80% China ndia states kong halaysia geria and habia kata South and a wait awar a part of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore we had been on a chara here a control of the hore of the

T4 visa issuance rate 2019 (Q1-3)

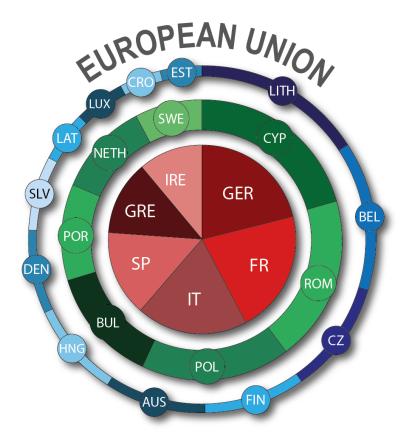
Source: Home Office

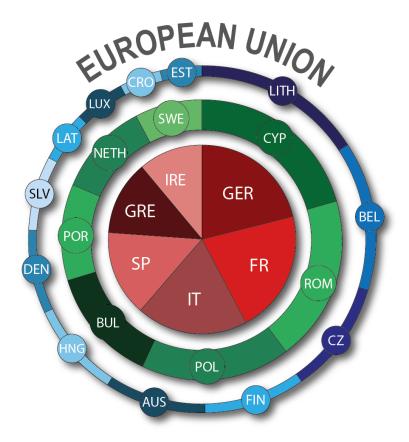


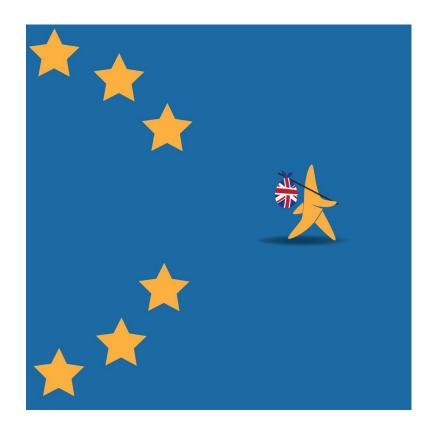
UK T4 study visa issuance (main apps)



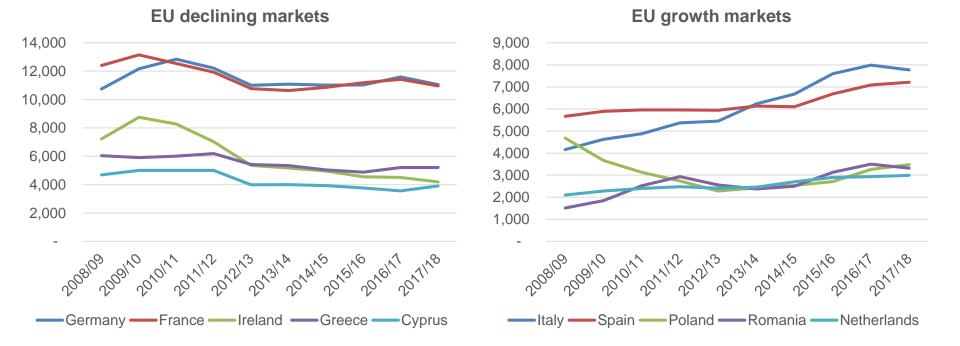
Source: Home Office



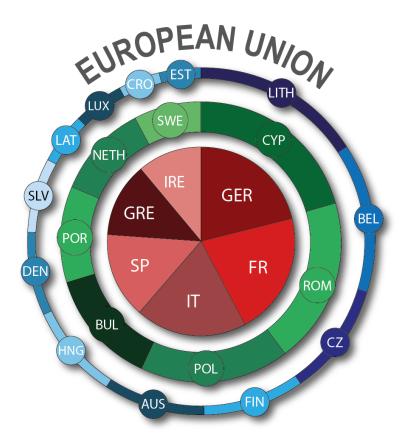




European Union



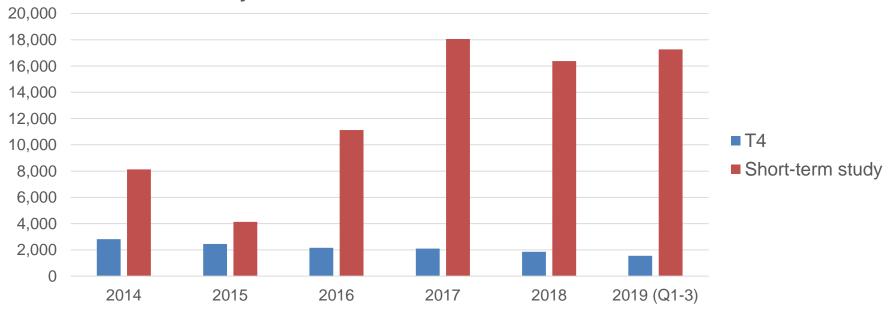
https://education-services.britishcouncil.org



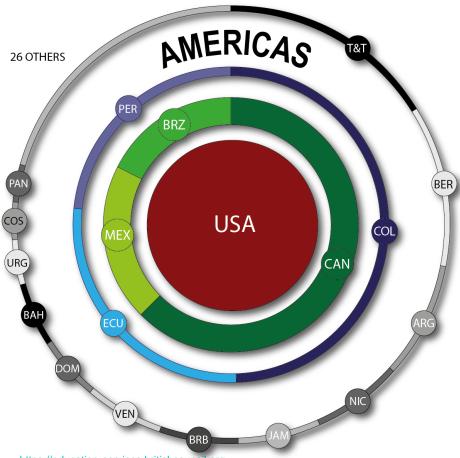


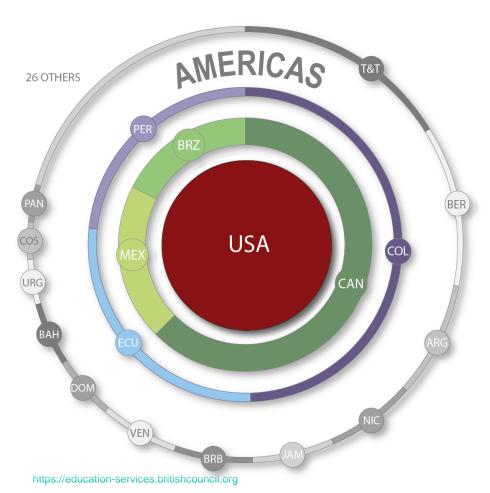
Wider Europe: Russia

Study visas issued to Russian nationals



Source: Home Office

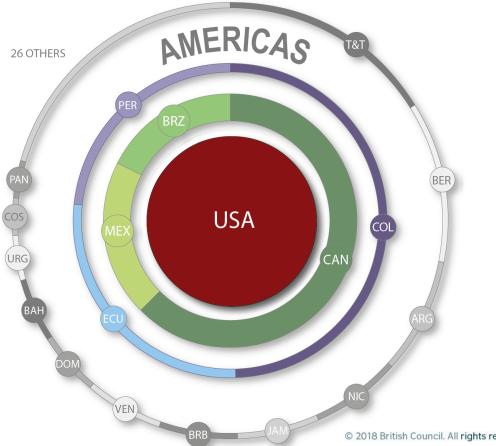




UK T4 visa issuance to American nationals (main apps)

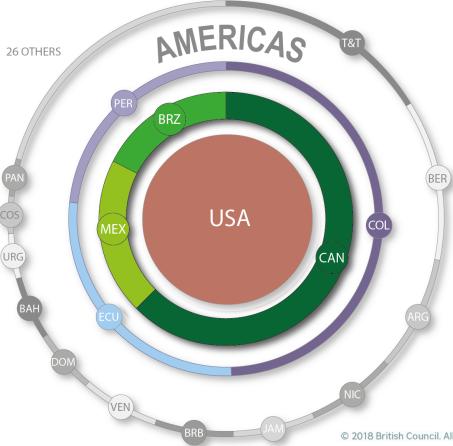


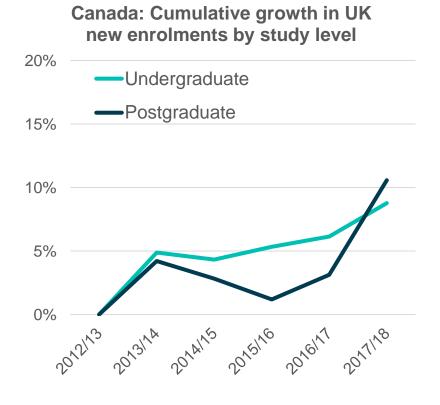
Source: Home Office



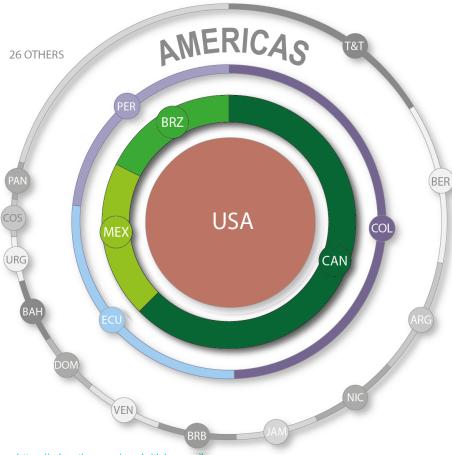
- Americans tend to rate UK universities as slightly better than their own.
- But familiarity with UK institutions and system is very low.

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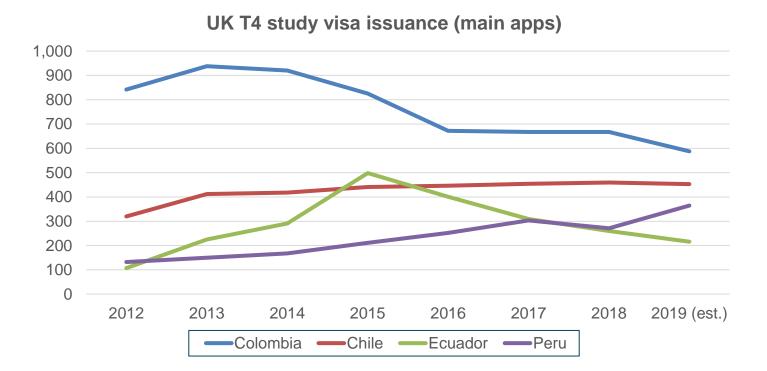
UK T4 visa issuance to Mexican nationals



Tier 4 & equivalent visas (main applicants)YoY Growth

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South America





Recruitment takeaways

- Even more China?
- Weak growth in SEA, but a couple of bright spots
- India is back, but what about the rest of S. Asia?
- Commodity-dependent economies are back in the mix, though far short of their pre-crash levels
- Near-term opportunities, but what can we build on them for the longer-term?

Partnerships



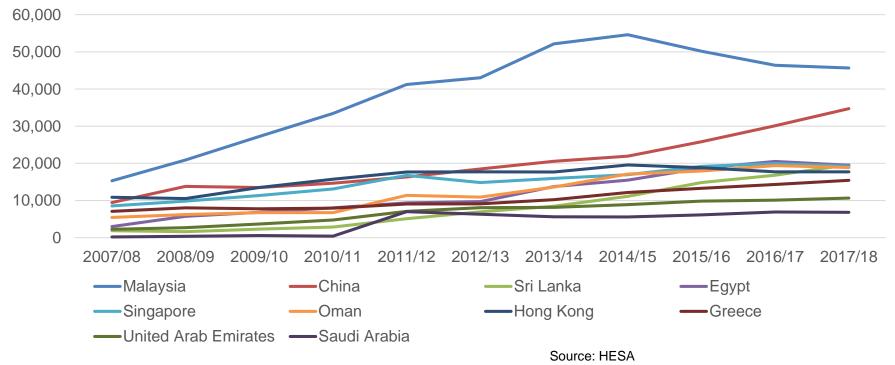
Where is transnational education headed?



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Top 10 markets UK overseas enrolments*



*Excluding distance learning and Oxford Brookes

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Four scenarios for the future of TNE (McBurnie & Ziguras)

HE becomes more foreign	 Importer countries embrace as means of meeting student demand, and less costly than mass expansion of domestic infrastructure Exporters attracted to revenue and perceived reputational benefits QA frameworks to facilitate growth in scale and quality 	Strong growth
As the world churns	 TNE enrolments sequentially grow, peak, and then decline, according to the phase of development and demand in the host nation 	Modest overall growth
Branch campus clusters	 TNE develops into a limited number of international 'branch campus clusters' of prestigious institutions, concentrated in major cities serving as 'regional education hubs' in Asia 	Growth for a select few
Raising the bar	 Host governments raise quality assurance requirements and demand greater (and more expensive) commitments from foreign providers. Exporter governments place stricter regulations on provider institutions, in order to weed out low-quality offerings that may damage the nation's reputation and market share. 	Enhancement of quality, decline in quantity

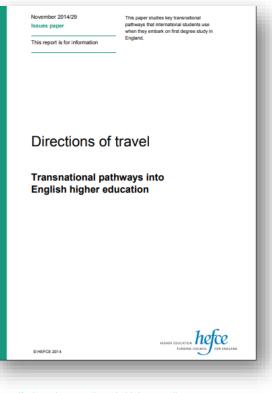
Source: Grant McBurnie and Christopher Ziguras, "Global Trends in Quality Assurance for Transnational Education", Quality Assurance of Transnational Higher Education: The Experiences of Australia and India, Australian Universities Quality Agency and the National University of Educational Planning and Administration (2011).

Motivating factors for TNE

- Broadening access
- Building foreign capacity
- Building UK HE brand

- Building global brand, reputation and footprint
- Student pathways
- Income

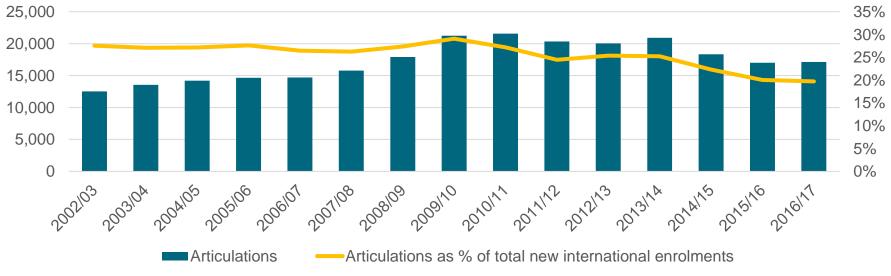
Justifications for TNE



- Over a third of all international first degree entrants were recruited from transnational courses delivered overseas by UK HE providers, or partners working on their behalf.
- More than half of all first degree students from China and Malaysia commence their first degree directly from UK transnational education delivered overseas
- Transnational students provided a cushion in areas where decline was experienced in the direct entry of international students to first degree programmes in 2012-13

Is mobility through TNE dwindling?

Articulations to the UK* (first degree only)



Source HESA, British Council analysis

Starting with China as a case study



- One of the largest and fastest growing TNE markets in the world.
- By far the world's largest market for international education, with over 600k students leaving to study abroad last year.
- Over 1,200 joint programmes and joint institutes approved over the past decade.

UK offshore enrolments

Almost 35,000 students were following in-person UK TNE programmes in China in the 2017/18 academic year, making it the UK's second largest TNE market behind only Malaysia.

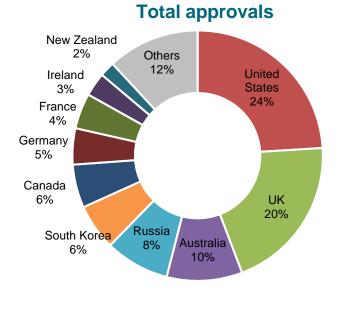


Students enrolled on offshore UK higher education programmes* in China by year

Source: HESA

*This figure excludes students registered with Oxford Brookes University through partners. Distance learning students are also excluded.

China TNE activity by the big three



China new TNE approvals by overseas partner country 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2008 2009 2010 2018 2019 (YTD)

Source: Chinese MoE, British Council

ce: Chinese MoE, British Council



The struggle for cost recovery

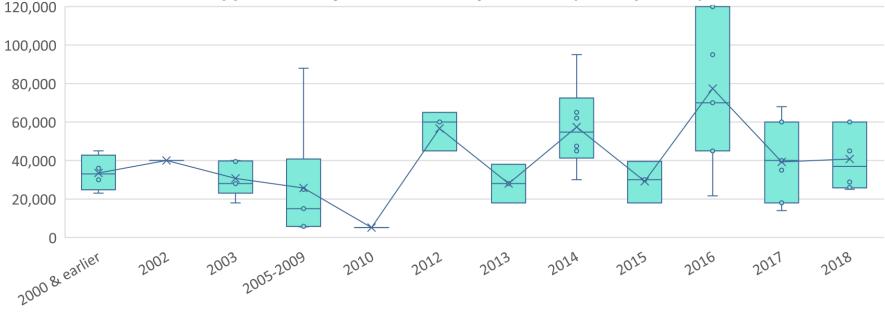


Approved UG joint programmes by fee level (China portion)

Source: British Council nttps://education-services.pritisncouncil.org

The struggle for cost recovery

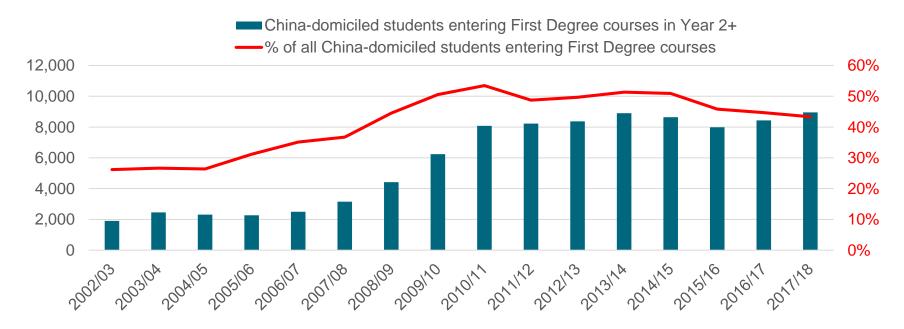
Approved UG joint institutes by fee level (China portion)



TNE as a pathway to mobility

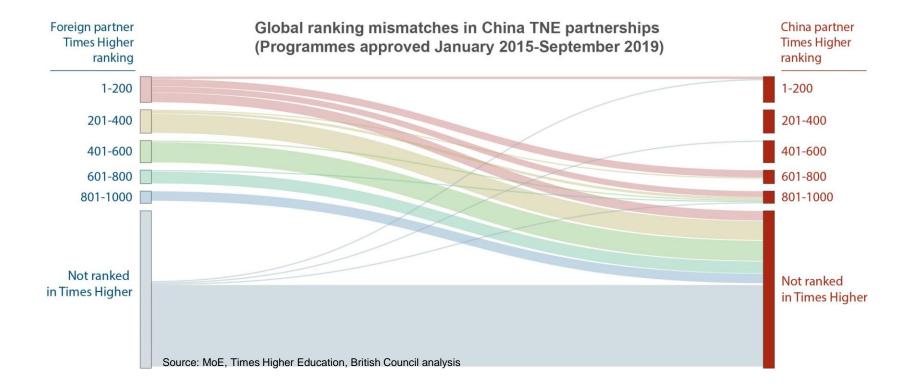


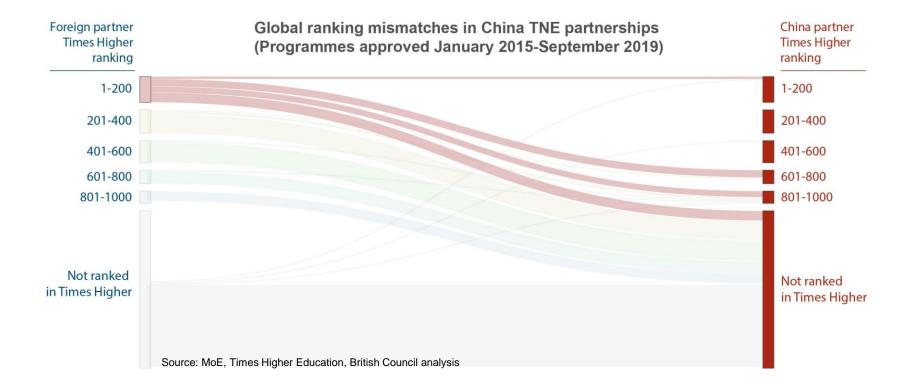
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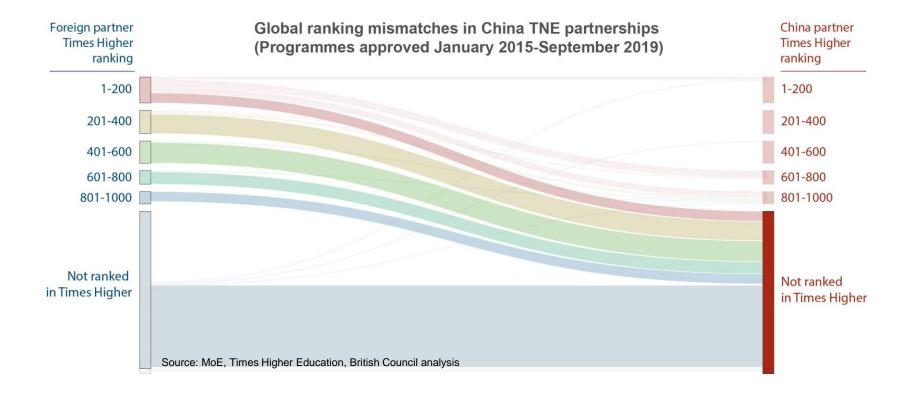


Source HESA, British Council analysis



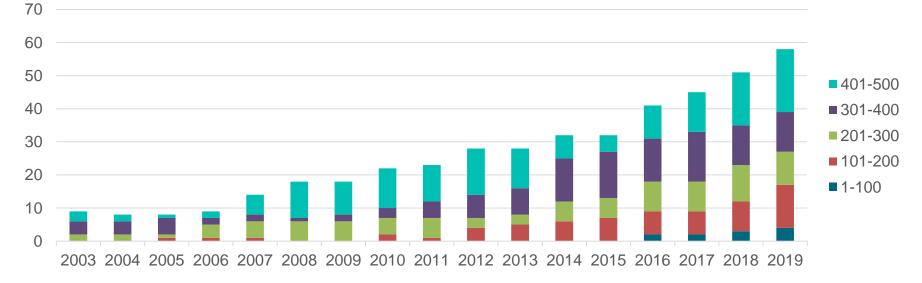




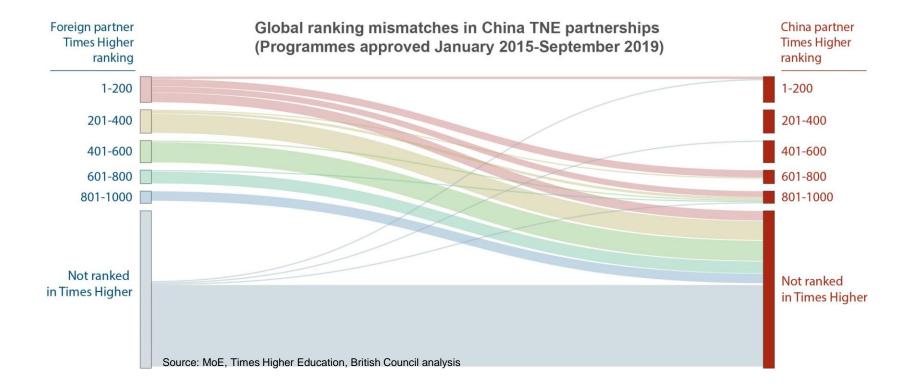


Chinese universities climbing the rankings

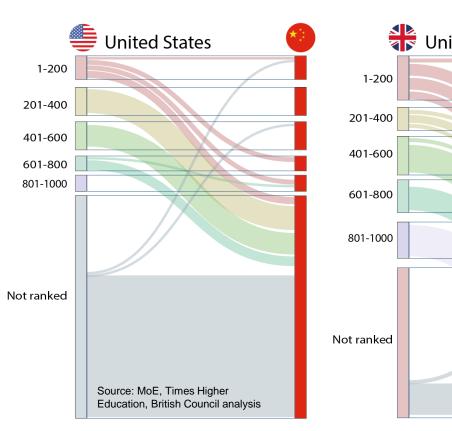
Number of Chinese universities in Annual Ranking of World Universities (top 500)

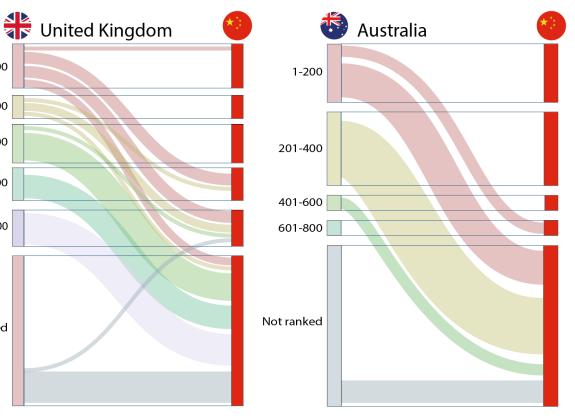


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Mismatched marriages: comparing the big three





Conclusions



- Broadening access to quality HE
- Building foreign capacity
- Building UK HE brand

- Building global brand, reputation and footprint
- Student pathways
- Income



Conclusions



- Broadening access to quality HE
- Building foreign capacity
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Preliminary findings

US

- Indications that flagship state universities are pulling back from overseas delivery.
- But low-ranking institutions very active.

UK

- Increased scrutiny on financial sustainability of TNE, particularly on mobility outcomes.
- However, still a lot of activity, particularly in China.
- Lots of dedicated global partnership teams established lately. Most of those that don't have them are in process of setting up.

Australia

- TNE activity in China dominated by top- and mid-ranking universities.
- Mismatches in ranking more common at these levels than in UK or US.

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Concluding thoughts



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